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## **MEMORANDUM**

To: Doreen Hansen

Watershed Coordinator

**Humboldt County Resource Conservation District** 

From: Sean E. McAllister

Associate Biologist Mad River Biologists

Date: June 26, 2012

Re: Avian Point Count Survey – Salt River Restoration Project – Phase I

## INTRODUCTION

By agreement between myself, Sean McAllister, and the Humboldt County Resource Conservation District (HCRCD), I performed an avian point count survey associated with Phase I of the Salt River Restoration Project. The methods and location of the survey were previously described in a memorandum by Winzler and Kelly, dated August 26, 2011. Two prior surveys were completed at the same locations, following the same methods on June 30 and July 21, 2011 by me, under contract with Winzler and Kelly. Results from those surveys as well as habitat descriptions of each survey point are included in the aforementioned memorandum.

This brief report summarizes results only from the latest survey to date, performed on May 29, 2012.

## **SURVEY RESULTS**

Overall, a total of 226 individual birds representing 34 species were detected (Table 1). The same three species, American Goldfinch (*Carduelis tristis*), Song Sparrow (*Melospiza melodia*) and Brown-headed Cowbird (*Molothrus ater*) were most abundant overall and most prevalent across all survey points (Table 2).

Comparing results at each survey point indicates that Survey Point 3 produced the fewest individual birds (18) as well as the fewest species (8), while Survey Point R2 (reference point 2) had the most individuals (52) and the most species (15), tied with Survey Point 4 (Table 3).

Twelve species which were recorded during 2011 surveys were not detected during this survey (Table 4), while eight species recorded this survey were not previously recorded during 2011 surveys (Table 5), bringing the combined total number of species recorded during 2011 (2 surveys) and 2012 (1 survey) to 46.

Notably, Willow Flycatcher (*Empidonax trailii*), a California Endangered Species (CDF&G 2011), which was present during both surveys in 2011 and also in 2010 (G. Lester, pers. comm.), was not detected during this survey of May 29, 2012.

## REFERENCES

California Department of Fish and Game. 2011. Special Animals List. January 2011.

Lester, G. 2011. Personal communications.

Winzler and Kelly. 2011. Memorandum. Avian Protocol and Initial 2011 Survey Report to Support Pre and Post- Construction Monitoring. August 26, 2011.

Table 1. Taxonomic list of all species detected during avian point count surveys, May 29, 2012

Common Name	Scientific Name
Canada Goose	Branta canadensis
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos
Double-crested Cormorant	Phalacrocorax auritus

**Great Egret** Ardea alba White-tailed Kite Elanus leucurus Cooper's Hawk Accipiter cooperii Western Gull Larus occidentalis Caspian Tern Hydroprogne caspia **Eurasian Collared-Dove** Streptopelia decaocto **Mourning Dove** Zenaida macroura Allen's Hummingbird Selasphorus sasin Pacific-slope Flycatcher Empidonax difficilis

Common Raven Corvus corax
Purple Martin Progne subis

Tree Swallow Tachycineta bicolor

Cliff Swallow Petrochelidon pyrrhonota

Barn Swallow Hirundo rustica Black-capped Chickadee Poecile atricapillus Chestnut-backed Chickadee Poecile rufescens Bushtit Psaltriparus minimus Marsh Wren Cistothorus palustris Swainson's Thrush Catharus ustulatus American Robin Turdus migratorius Wrentit Chamaea fasciata **European Starling** Sturnus vulgaris **Cedar Waxwing** Bombycilla cedrorum Passerculus sandwichensis Savannah Sparrow

Song Sparrow Melospiza melodia
White-crowned Sparrow Zonotrichia leucophrys
Black-headed Grosbeak Pheucticus melanocephalus
Brewer's Blackbird Euphagus cyanocephalus

Brown-headed Cowbird Molothrus ater

House Finch Carpodacus mexicanus

American Goldfinch Carduelis tristis

Table 2. List of species detected on May 29, 2012 at all seven survey points, listed in order of prevalence.

Species	1	2	3	4	5	R1	R2	Total	Prevalence
American Goldfinch	7	6	3	3	4	4	4	31	7
Song Sparrow	6	4	4	5	2	3	3	27	7
Brown-headed Cowbird	2	4	2	4	2	5	3	22	7
American Robin		1	1	1	1	2	2	8	6
Barn Swallow	2	2		3	1		5	13	5
Savannah Sparrow			2	4	1	3		10	4
Mourning Dove	2	1		3	2			8	4
Swainson's Thrush	1	3	1			2		7	4
Black-headed Grosbeak	1		1	1			1	4	4
Common Raven	1		4	1				6	3
White-crowned Sparrow	2	2				1		5	3
Double-crested Cormorant				1		1	2	4	3
Marsh Wren					6		14	20	2
Cliff Swallow						2	10	12	2
Black-capped Chickadee		2				3		5	2
Mallard				З	1			4	2
Allen's Hummingbird	1						2	3	2
Wrentit	1	2						3	2
House Finch		1			2			3	2
Eurasian Collared-Dove				1			1	2	2
Canada Goose					13			13	1
White-tailed Kite				2				2	1
European Starling							2	2	1
Cedar Waxwing		2						2	1
Great Egret				1				1	1
Cooper's Hawk						1		1	1
Western Gull							1	1	1
Caspian Tern				1				1	1
Pacific-slope Flycatcher		1						1	1
Purple Martin							1	1	1
Tree Swallow							1	1	1
Chestnut-backed Chickadee	1							1	1
Bushtit	1							1	1
Brewer's Blackbird	1							1	1

Table 3. Abundance and species richness for each of seven survey points, May 29, 2012

Survey Point	1	2	3	4	5	R1	R2	Total
Avian Abundance	29	31	18	34	35	27	52	226
Species Richness	14	13	8	15	11	11	15	34

Table 4. Species not detected that were detected during 2011

American Crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos
Band-tailed Pigeon	Patagioenas fasciata
Black Phoebe	Sayornis nigricans
California Quail	Callipepla californica
Common Yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas
Least Sandpiper	Calidris minutilla
Northern Flicker	Colaptes auratus
Osprey	Pandion haliaetus
Turkey Vulture	Cathartes aura
Virginia Rail	Rallus limicola
Willow Flycatcher	Empidonax traillii
Wilson's Warbler	Wilsonia pusilla

Table 5. Species detected on May 29, 2012 which were not detected during previous (2011) surveys)

Bushtit	Psaltriparus minimus
Caspian Tern	Hydroprogne caspia
Cedar Waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum
Cooper's Hawk	Accipiter cooperii
Double-crested Cormorant	Phalacrocorax auritus
Pacific-slope Flycatcher	Empidonax difficilis
Purple Martin	Progne subis
Western Gull	Larus occidentalis